

法規名稱：FINAL ACT ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION BETWEEN THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND THE REPUBLIC OF BOLIVIA

簽訂日期：民國 60 年 09 月 28 日

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FINAL ACT

From the 25th to the 28th of September 1971, in the city of La Paz, the Delegation of the Republic of Bolivia, headed by His Excellency the Minister of Foreign Relations a.i. Mr. Ambrosio Garcia Rivera, and the Delegation of the Republic of China, headed by His Excellency the Minister of communications Mr. Chang Chicheng, met with the purpose to hold conversations aimed at establishing the basis for a positive technical agricultural-industry cooperation and the improvement of their bilateral commerce.

The conversations, interviews and negotiations were held within a frame of mutual comprehension, friendly understanding and good will, where the coincidence of points of view animating the Government and the People of the two countries have been remarkable and they have come to agree on the following conclusions:

- 1 Taking into consideration the great experience and the laboriousness of the Chinese people, specially in the agricultural field and given the similarity of ecological conditions existing between the two countries, the Bolivian Delegation manifested that it would be positively profitable for its country, to count on the valuable cooperation of technical assistance which the Republic of China has offered in this field.
- 2 The Delegation of the Republic of China, expressed the desire of its Government to contribute to the promotion of Bolivian agricultural-industry in favorable conditions, pledging its cooperation in the agricultural development.
- 3 Within this spirit, the areas of interest, in which this cooperation could be made effective, were considered.
- 4 Both Delegations agreed that the cooperation mentioned above shall basically comprise the following aspects:

## I . DIRECT TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN THE AGRICULTURAL FIELD.

- a) Field experiment for the introduction of better techniques, sharing with local farmers the experiences obtained in the Republic of China.
- b) The know-how of simple and low cost techniques to obtain water for irrigation and the use of different irrigation systems.
- c) Development of a rotative cultivation system.
- d) Promotion of the use of organic and chemical fertilizers.
- e) Introduction and promotion of fishery exploitation systems.

In order to make this cooperation more effective the following aspects, of greater interest for Bolivia, have been indicated:

RICE: Practice of cultivation of rice in paddy fields for the improvement of quality and obtention of high yields in the respective zones of the country where rice is grown (Department of Santa Cruz, Chapare and other zones).

SOYA: Introduction of practices for the improvement of crops, rotation systems.

TEA: Supplying of seeds and selection of varieties, harvesting and processing systems in the industrial plant, packing and marketing systems.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES: Improvement of systems of cultivation, methods of preservation, packing and marketing.

LIVESTOCK: Hog raising, establishment of breeding centers, feedingsystems, animal husbandry.

## II . IDENTIFICATION, ADVISE AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE ORGANIZATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF SMALL AND MEDIUM SIZE INDUSTRIES.

## III . STUDIES FOR THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR.

Among others:

- a) Utilization of by-products derived from the oil extraction industry (Cotton and soya), and from the sugar indus-

try.

b) Pineapple industrialization.

c) Industrialization of balanced food for poultry and hogs.

#### IV. TECHNICAL CAPACITATION.

In order to accomplish the objectives mentioned in the present Act, the Delegation of the Republic of China, besides of the sending of the required technicians, offered the granting of scholarships for the training of Bolivian agricultural technical personnel.

The ways to give the Bolivian technicians a direct information on the experiences obtained by the Republic of China on matters of Agrarian Reform, will also be studied.

In order to make effective this technical cooperation, the Delegation of the Republic of China has pledged to send a Mission to Bolivia, consisting of well specialized personnel in the different fields of the agricultural-industry, indicated in this document.

With this purpose, an Agreement, between the two Parties, will be signed as soon as possible.

5 In order to increase the trade existing between Bolivia and the Republic of China, both Delegations have agreed to increase their commercial relations with a view to achieve a relatively balanced trade on the basis of exports of the products included in the following indicative list:

From Bolivia:

- Crude oil
- Sulfur
- Non ferrous minerals
- Cotton
- Tobacco
- Whisky

From the Republic of China:

- Machinery and tools
- Glass and Glass products
- Electrical apparatus and machinery



- Transportation equipment
- Textile products
- Other manufactures

Signed in the city of La Paz, in four original texts, two in Spanish language and two in English language having the same value, on the twenty eighth day of the month of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventy one.

For the Delegation of the republic of China

(signed)

Chang Chicheng

President of the Delegation

For the Delegation of the Republic of Bolivia

(signed)

Ambrosio Garcia Rivera

President of the Delegation